

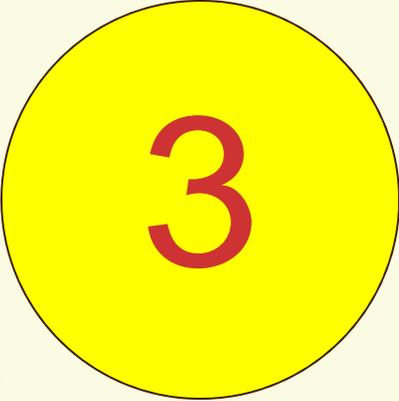
COMSC-051

Java Programming Part 1



Part-Time Instructor: Joenil Mistal

Chapter 3



3

Setting Up Your Development Environment

This third chapter takes a short detour from Java concepts to give you a development envi

Chapter 3 Topics:

What you will learn in this chapter:

- How and where to start programming.
- What Integrated Development Environment are
- How to install Eclipse IDE for own use
- How to being using Eclipse for Java Programming



Integrated Development Environments page 42

- IDEs are applications that offer programmers facilities for developing software
- It include tools that support all aspects of software development, including:

**Creating
Code**

Debugging

Compiling

**Checking
Syntax**

**Running the
Code**

**Track Project
& Programs**

Java Development Kit (JDK) page 42

- In order to create and compile Java programs, you will need to download and install JDK:

<http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/jdk8-downloads-2133151.html>

Overview Downloads Documentation Community Technologies Training

Java SE Development Kit 8 Downloads

Thank you for downloading this release of the Java™ Platform, Standard Edition Development Kit (JDK™). The JDK is a development environment for building applications, applets, and components using the Java programming language.

The JDK includes tools useful for developing and testing programs written in the Java programming language and running on the Java platform.

Java SE Development Kit 8u66

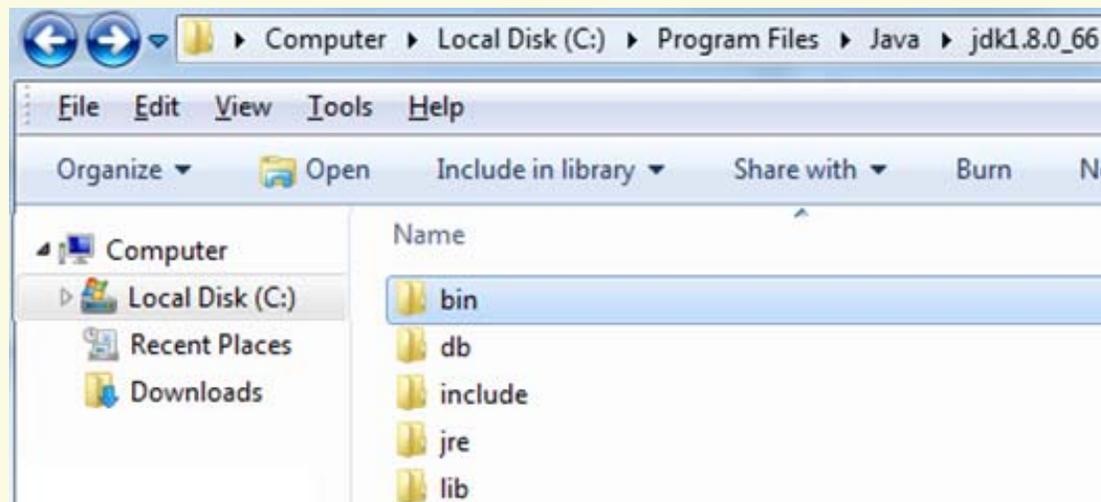
You must accept the [Oracle Binary Code License Agreement for Java SE](#) to download this software.

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Product / File Description	File Size	Download
Linux x86	154.67 MB	jdk-8u66-linux-i586.rpm
Linux x86	174.83 MB	jdk-8u66-linux-i586.tar.gz
Linux x64	152.69 MB	jdk-8u66-linux-x64.rpm
Linux x64	172.89 MB	jdk-8u66-linux-x64.tar.gz
Mac OS X x64	227.12 MB	jdk-8u66-macosx-x64.dmg
Solaris SPARC 64-bit (SVR4 package)	139.65 MB	jdk-8u66-solaris-sparcv9.tar.Z
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Solaris x64 (SVR4 package)	140 MB	jdk-8u66-solaris-x64.tar.Z
Solaris x64	96.2 MB	jdk-8u66-solaris-x64.tar.gz
Windows x86	181.33 MB	jdk-8u66-windows-i586.exe
Windows x64	186.65 MB	jdk-8u66-windows-x64.exe

Java Development Kit (JDK) page 43

- JDK will be installed in the following folder:
- Windows Path: C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_66



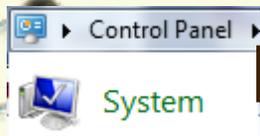
- The Java compiler called “**javac**” is in the following bin folder:

C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_66\bin

Java Development Kit (JDK) page 43

- Add the Java Compiler Path in the System Properties- Environment Variables- Path

C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_66\bin

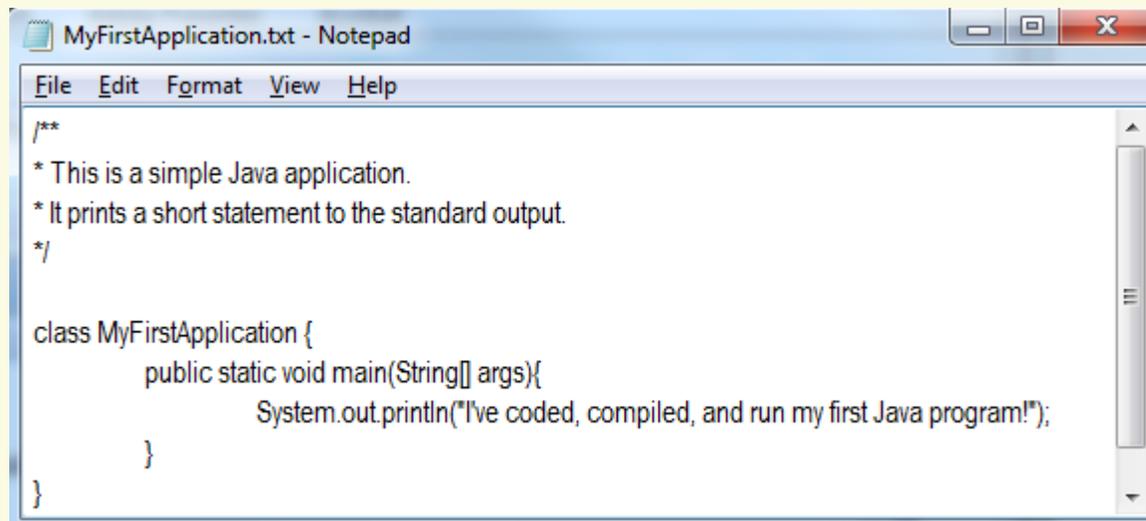


The screenshot shows the Windows 'System Properties' dialog box with the 'Advanced' tab selected. The 'Environment Variables...' button at the bottom is highlighted with a red box and labeled with the number '1'. To the right, the 'Environment Variables' dialog box is open, showing the 'Edit System Variable' window for the 'Path' variable. The 'Variable_name' is 'Path' (labeled with '4') and the 'Variable_value' is 'C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_66\bin'. Below this, the 'System variables' list shows 'Path' highlighted with a red box and labeled with '2'. The 'Edit...' button for the 'Path' variable is highlighted with a red box and labeled with '3'. The 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons are visible at the bottom of the 'Edit System Variable' window.

Variable	Value
OS	Windows NT
Path	C:\Program Files\Business Objects\Busi...
PATHEXT	.COM;.EXE;.BAT;.CMD;.VBS;.VBE;.JS;...
PROCESSOR_A...	x86

Coding in Text Editors page 43

- Once you installed JDK, you can write the code using a simple text editor like Notepad.
- Java code is case-sensitive, pay attention to upper and lowercase letters as you type your code.

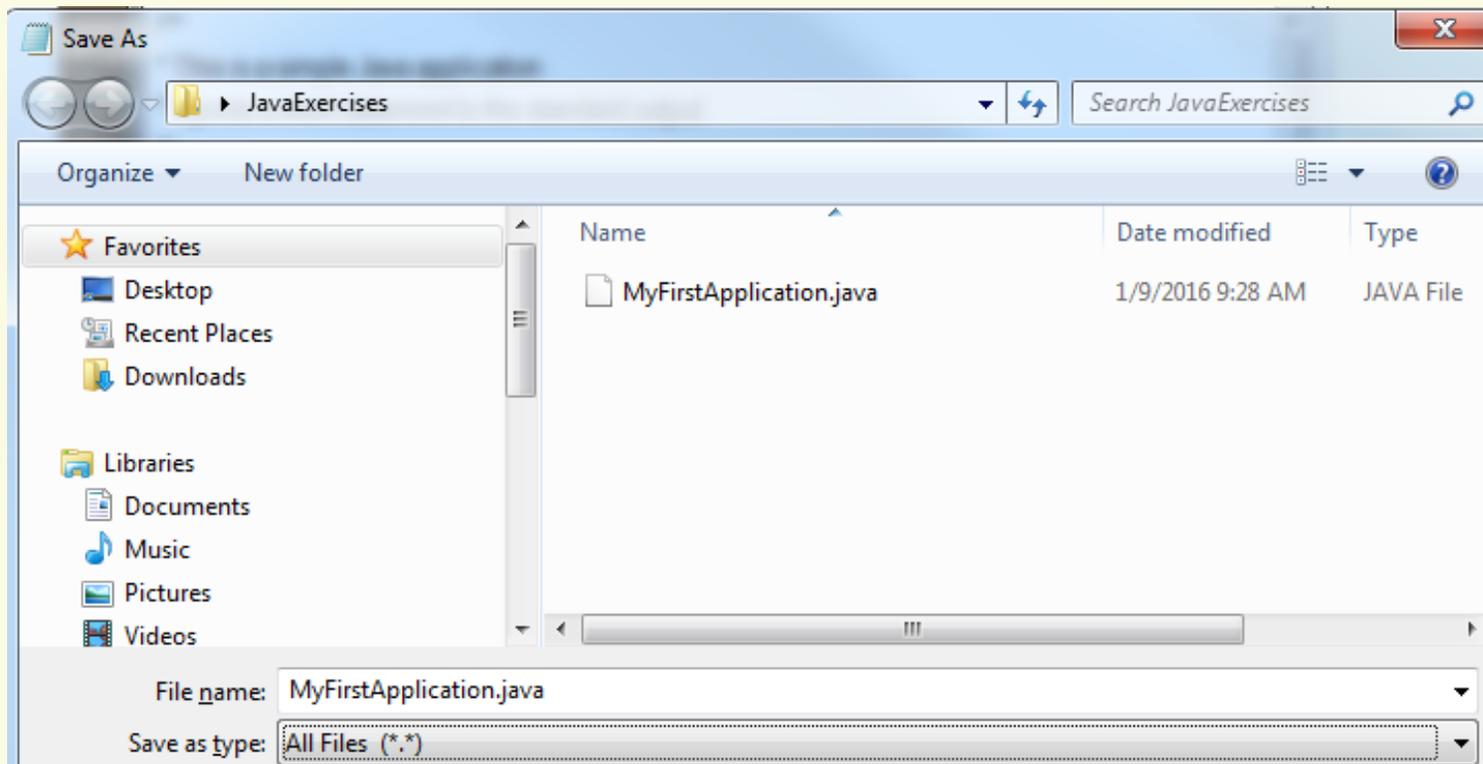


```
MyFirstApplication.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
/**
 * This is a simple Java application.
 * It prints a short statement to the standard output.
 */

class MyFirstApplication {
    public static void main(String[] args){
        System.out.println("I've coded, compiled, and run my first Java program!");
    }
}
```

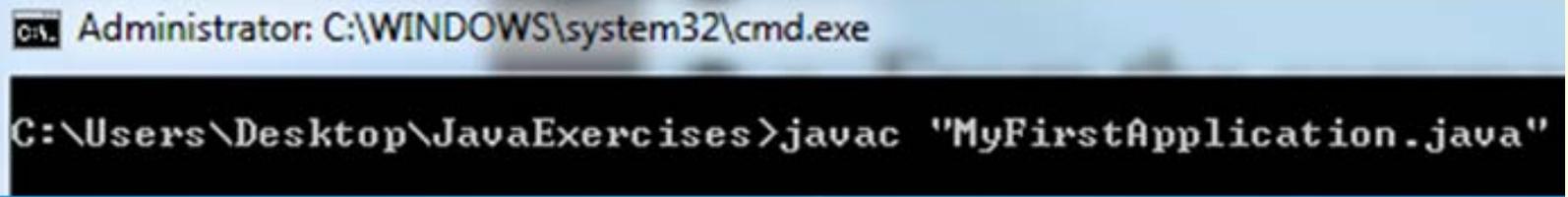
Coding in Text Editors page 44

- Save the file with a **.java** file extension.



Coding in Text Editors page 44

- After the source code is written, use the Java compiler to translates it into machine-readable byte code.
- From the command prompt, to the folder:
- Enter: **javac** "MyFirstApplication.java"



```
C:\Users\Desktop\JavaExercises>javac "MyFirstApplication.java"
```

Administrator: C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

Coding in Text Editors page 45

- After running javac, a newly compiled **.class** file is created

```
Directory of C:\Users\Desktop\JavaExercises
01/09/2016  09:56 AM    <DIR>          .
01/09/2016  09:56 AM    <DIR>          ..
01/09/2016  09:56 AM                482 MyFirstApplication.class
01/09/2016  09:39 AM                260 MyFirstApplication.java
                2 File(s)              742 bytes
```

- To run the program, enter:
java -cp . MyFirstApplication

```
C:\> Administrator: C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
```

```
C:\Users\Desktop\JavaExercises>java -cp . MyFirstApplication
I've coded, compiled, and run my first Java program!
```

Choosing an IDE page 46

- IDEs offer many tools and conveniences compared to coding in text editors and compiling from the command line.

Eclipse

NetBeans

IntelliJ IDEA

Installing Eclipse on Your Computer

page 48

- In order to program in Java, whether compiling code from your text editor or using IDE, you will need **JDK** installed.
- Latest version of Eclipse is Version Mar 1 Release (4.5.1)



Installing Eclipse on Your Computer

page 48

- **Eclipse 4.5.1** (Mars release) includes support for Java 8
- Eclipse can be downloaded from <https://eclipse.org/downloads/>
- For Comsc-51, install the version below:



Eclipse IDE for Java EE Developers

275 MB

1,920,648 DOWNLOADS

Tools for Java developers creating Java EE and Web applications, including a Java IDE, tools for Java EE, JPA, JSF, Mylyn...

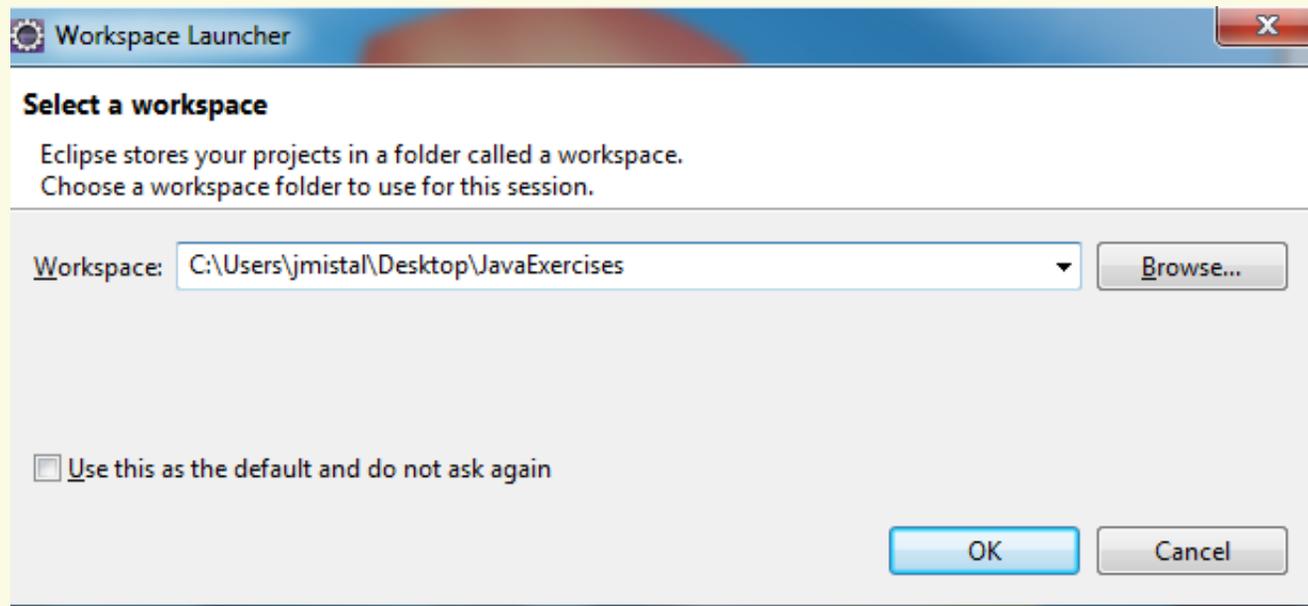


Windows

32 bit | 64 bit

Using Eclipse page 50

- When you launch Eclipse, it will ask where you want to store your **Workspace**
- This is the folder where all your projects are stored.



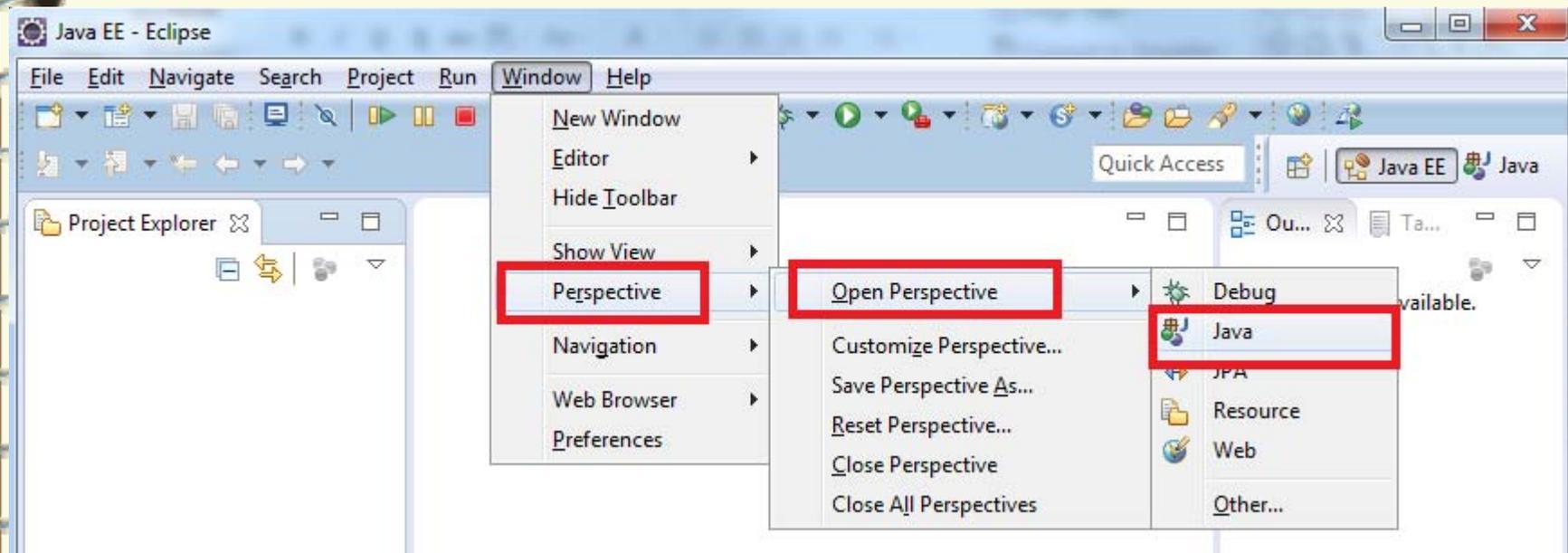
Using Eclipse page 50

- After you choose your workspace, Eclipse opens to the Welcome Screen
- Click on the X, to close the screen.



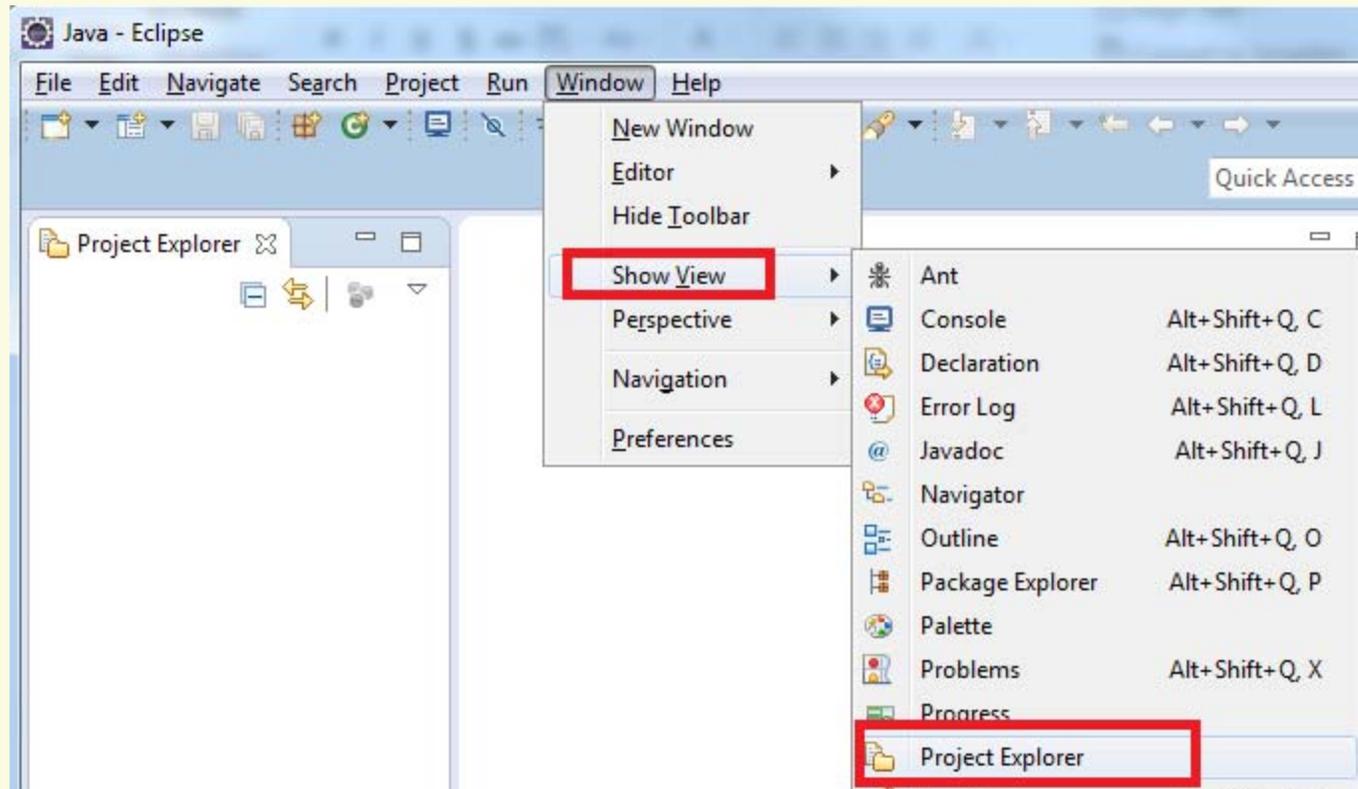
Using Eclipse page 50

- If you installed Eclipse Java EE IDE
- Change the Workbench Perspective to Java.



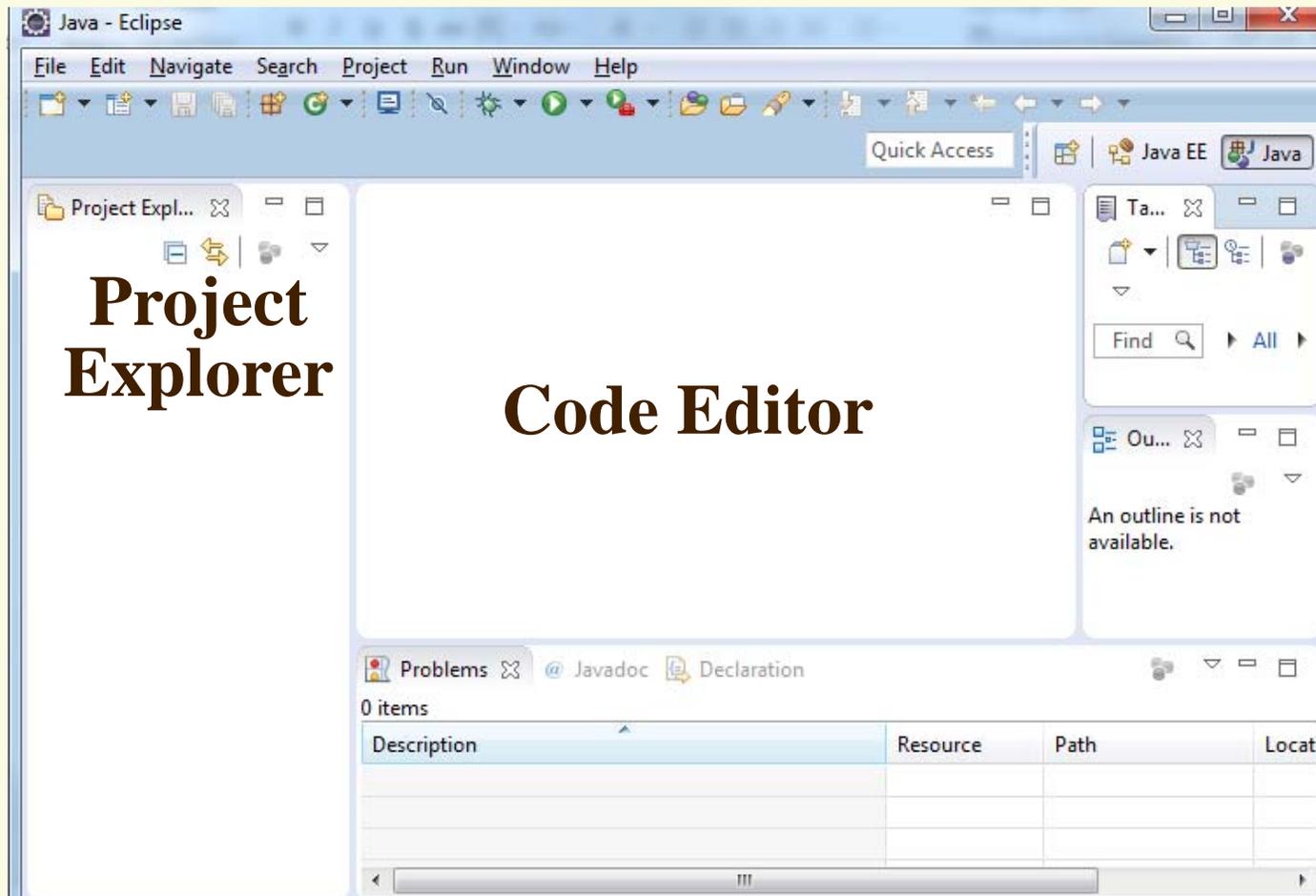
Using Eclipse page 50

- Eclipse Workbench- Using the Project Explorer



Using Eclipse page 50

- Eclipse Workbench- Using Project Explorer View



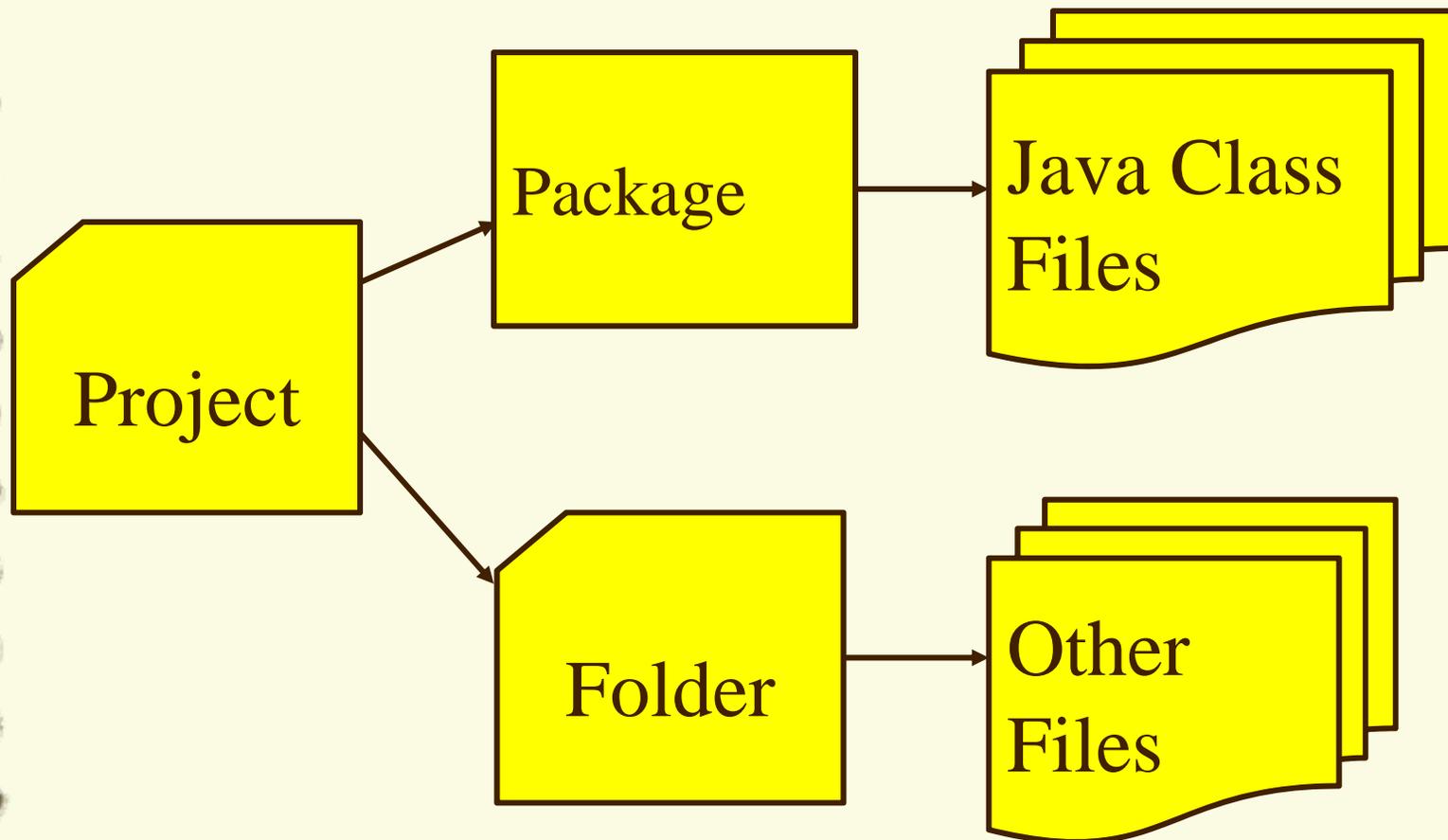
Using Eclipse

Projects page 51

- Java programs are organized in a project hierarchy in Eclipse.
- You should use one project for each program you are working on.
- Projects are divided into packages that keep related Java classes together.
- Packages are a Java construct to organize your class files.
- Projects can also contain folders that can be used to store other non-class files (i.e. text or images)

Using Eclipse

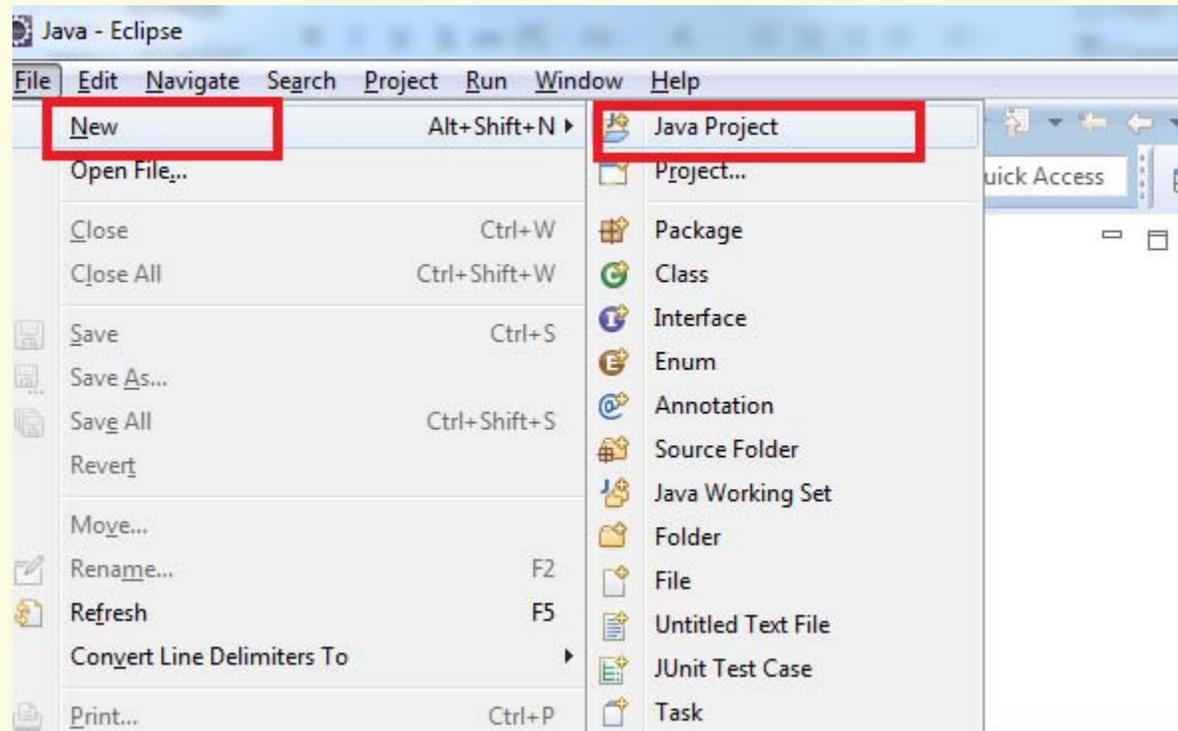
Project Explorer page 52



Creating Your First Java Application in Eclipse

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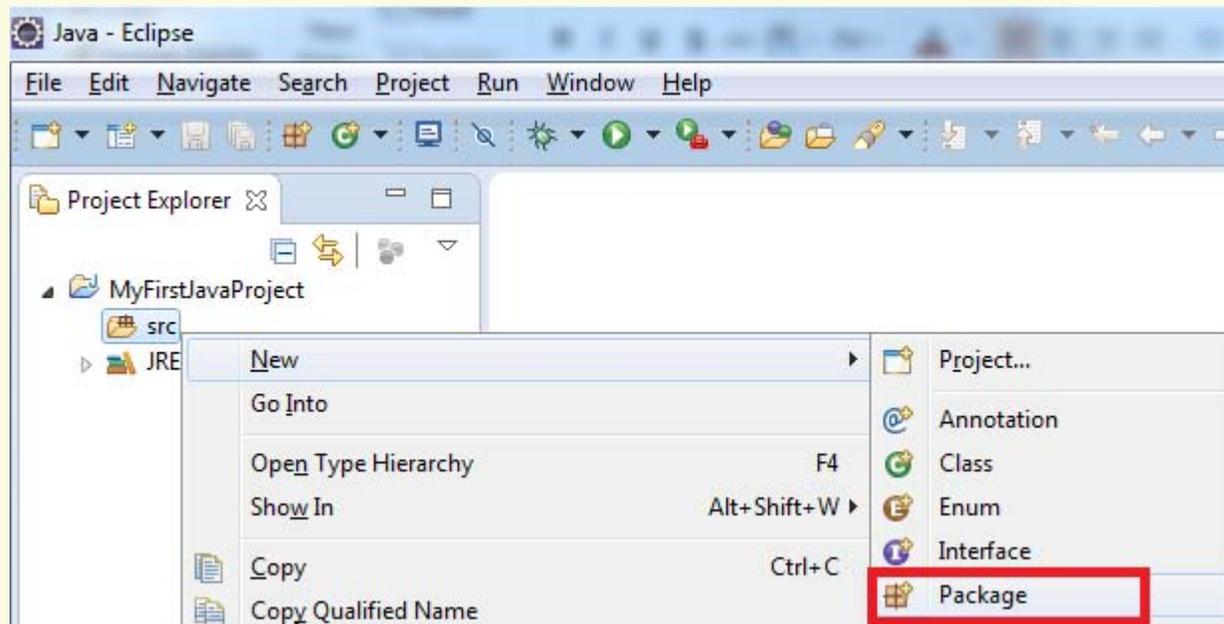
- Creating a new Project.



Creating Your First Java Application in Eclipse

page 55

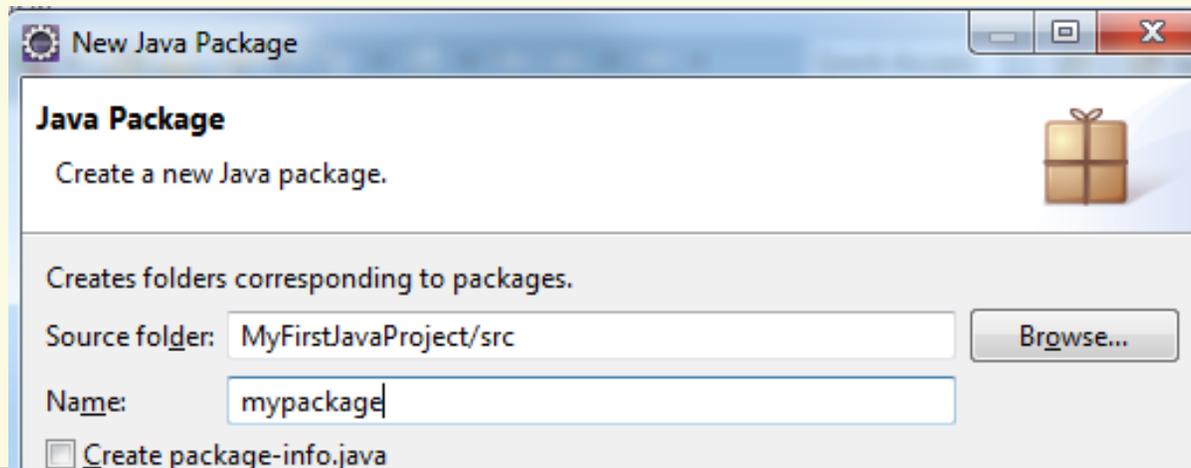
- Create a Package



Creating Your First Java Application in Eclipse

page 55

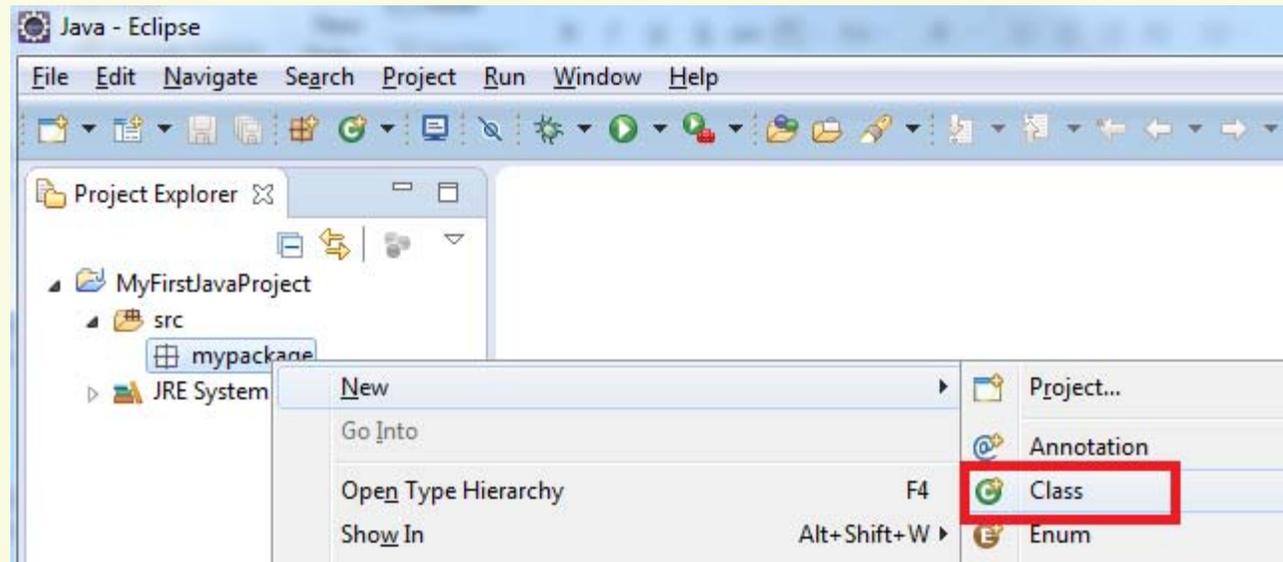
- Creating a Package is not necessary, as putting class files directly into the src folder will place them in a default package.
- However using the default package is discouraged.
- As you develop larger programs, it will become more important to use packages.



Creating Your First Java Application in Eclipse

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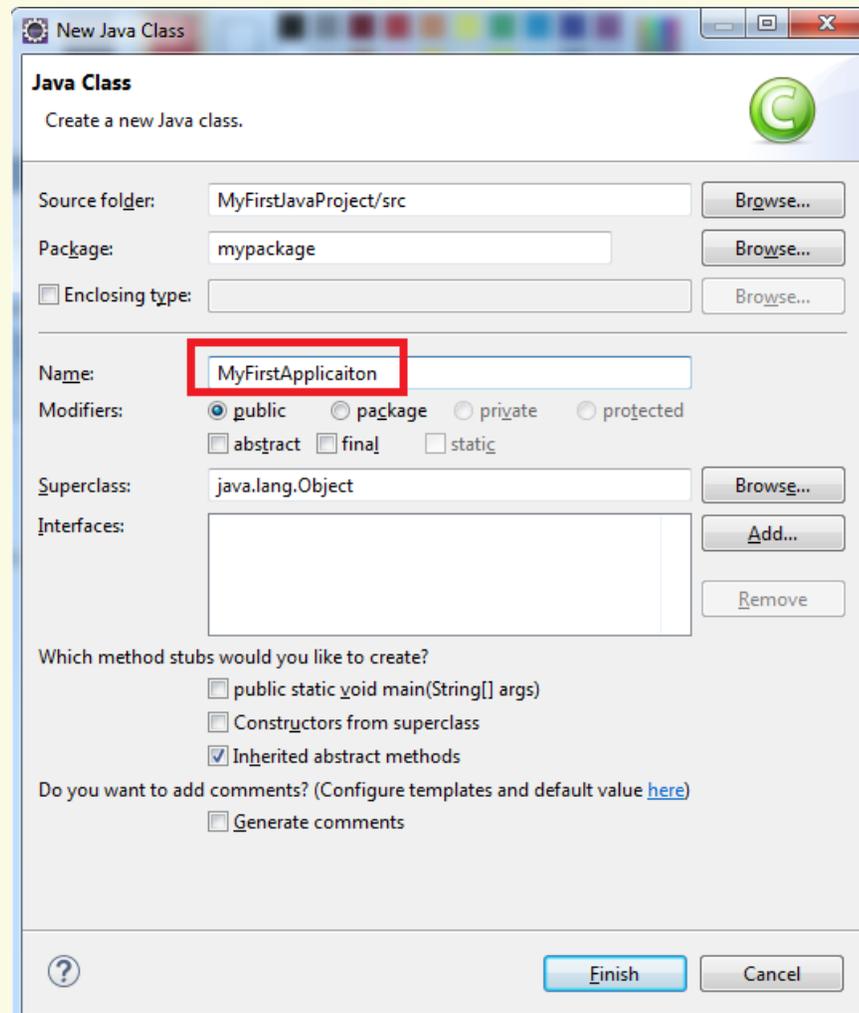
- Create a New Class



Creating Your First Java Application in Eclipse

page 55

- Create a New Class



Creating Your First Java Application in Eclipse

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- Writing the Java Code and running the program

The screenshot displays the Eclipse IDE interface. The top menu bar includes File, Edit, Source, Refactor, Navigate, Search, Project, Run, Window, and Help. The toolbar contains various icons, with the Run button (a green play icon) highlighted by a red box. The Project Explorer on the left shows the project structure: MyFirstJavaProject, src, mypackage, and MyFirstApplicaiton. The main editor window shows the source code for MyFirstApplicaiton.java, which is also enclosed in a red box. The code is as follows:

```
1 package mypackage;
2
3 /**
4  * This is a simple Java application
5  * It prints a short statement to the standard output
6  *
7  */
8
9 public class MyFirstApplicaiton {
10     public static void main(String[] args){
11         System.out.println("I've coded, compiled and run my first Java Program!");
12     }
13 }
14 }
15 }
```

At the bottom of the IDE, the Console window is open, showing the output of the program, which is also enclosed in a red box:

```
<terminated> MyFirstApplicaiton [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_66\bin\javaw.exe (Jan 9, 2016, 3:42:05 PM)
I've coded, compiled and run my first Java Program!
```